High Energy and Momentum Resolved Photoemission Studies of Quasi-One-Dimensional Blue Bronze K_{0.3}MoO₃

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Outline

Introduction:

- ✓ Crystal structure
- **✓** Electronic structure
- ✓ Structural studies of Charge Density Waves

Experimental details:

✓ Photoelectron spectrometer

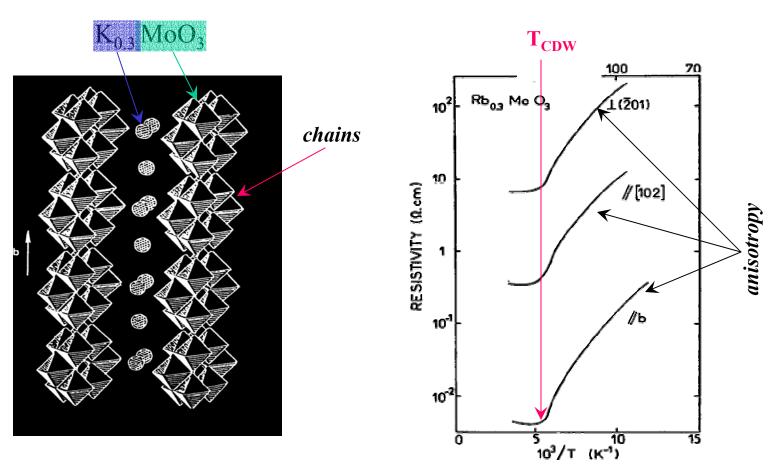
Experimental data:

- ✓ Band structure of K_{0.3}MoO₃
- ✓ Fermi wave vectors versus temperature
- **✓** Commensurate to incommensurate CDW transition



Low dimensionality \Rightarrow (i) Charge Density Waves (CDW), Peierls transitions

(ii) Electron correlation effects
/Non-Fermi liquid behavior, spin-charge separation, HTC/

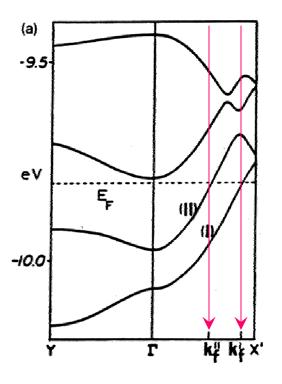


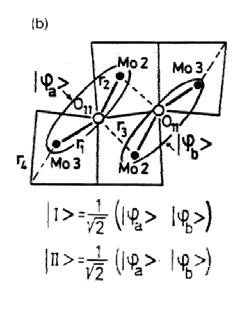
J.-P. Pouget et al., J. Physique Lett. <u>44</u>, L113 (1973)

Electronic structure of K_{0.3}MoO₃

/tight-binding calculations/

M.-H. Whangbo and L.F. Schneemeyer, Inor. Chem. 25,2424 (1986)



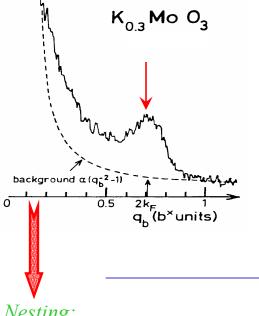


Two chains per unit cell ⇒ two bands crossing the Fermi level How many Charge Density Waves?

Structural studies of CDW in K_{0.3}MoO₃

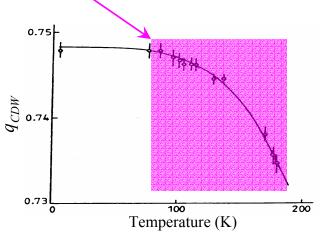
/Single Charge Density Wave/

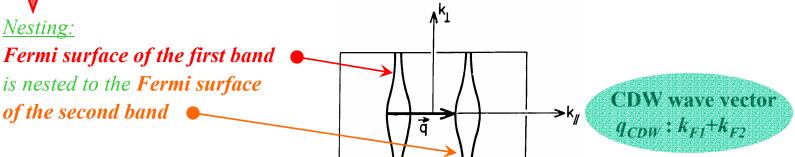
(i) Diffuse X-ray scattering $/q_{CDW} = 2k_F b^{\times}/$ J.-P. Pougetet al.



(ii) Temperature dependent neutron scattering

M.Sato, H. Fujishita and S.Hoshito, J. Phys. C: Solid State phys., <u>16</u>, L877 (1983)





Temperature dependence of CDW wave vector:

- ♦ Thermally activated charge transfer between bands crossing the Fermi level and third band above it /Pouget et al./
- ♦ Shift of the chemical potential /Pouget & Nougera, Artemenko et al./
- ♦ Hidden temperature dependence of the nesting vector /Intention of the present study/

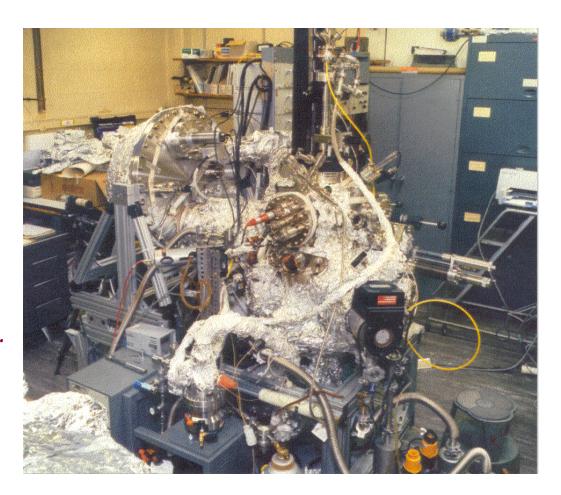
Goals of photoemission experiment:

- ♦ Direct monitoring k_{F1} and k_{F2}
- ♦ Temperature dependence of $(k_{FI}+k_{F2})$



Photoelectron Spectrometer /Gammadata, SES-200/

- ✓ Multichannel detection in emission angle and kinetic energy
- ✓ Energy resolution ~ 10 meV
- ✓ Angle resolution $\sim 0.2^{\circ}$
- **✓** Base pressure ~ 2× 10 ⁻¹¹ Torr

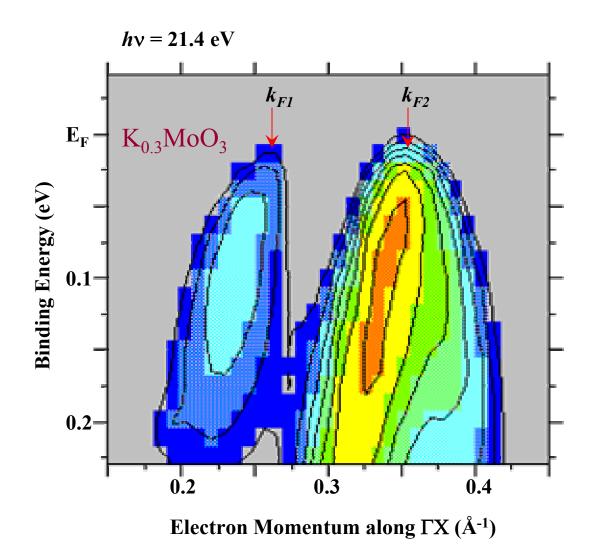


Presently located at the U13UB beamline at the National Synchrotron Light Source, BNL



Example of photoemission data

/3-D maps of photocurrent/



Experimental details:

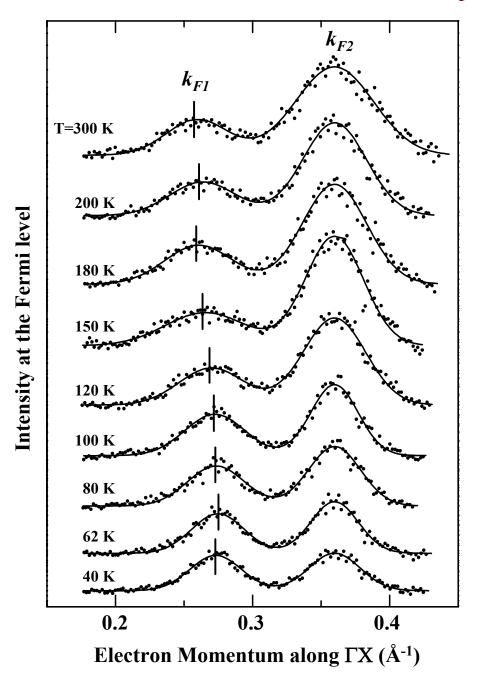
Samples cleaved in situ

Liquid He cryostat provides temperatures from ~20 K to ~450 K

Temperature monitored with a help of OMEGA CY7 sensor



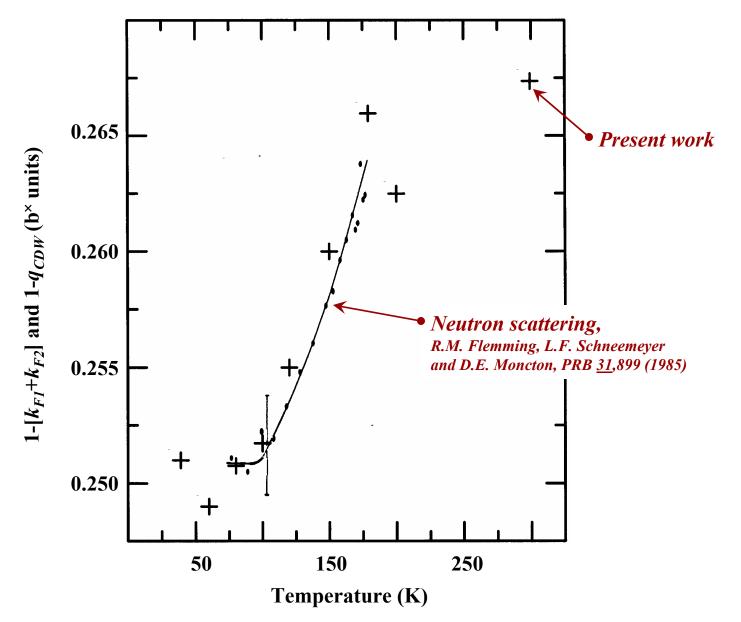
Momentum Distribution Curves at E_F



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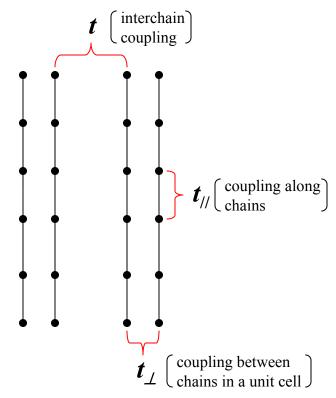
Commensurate to incommensurate CD W transition in IX_{0.3}1v10O₃

/comparing neutron scattering data with nesting vector measured in photoemission experiment/



Fermi surface of an array of coupled chains

/tight binding calculation/



Fermi surface is given by:

$$\mu = -2\cos(k_{//}) \pm (t_{\perp} + 2t_{\perp} t \cos(k_{\perp}) + t)$$

